## Introduction

This is a variation of the *mother problem* with additional pointwise constraints on the gradient of the state with known analytic solution. The presented problem is given on a domain  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ . This problem and analytical solution where proposed in [Deckelnick et al., 2008, Section 5], and have been verified in Wollner [2010]. The solution of the problem is special due to the fact that no additional bounds on the control are needed.

## Variables & Notation

#### Unknowns

$$u \in L^2(\Omega)$$
 control variable  
 $y \in H^1(\Omega)$  state variable

### Given Data

The given data is chosen in a way which admits an analytic solution, that is given by rotation of a one dimensional problem.

$$\begin{split} \Omega &= B_2(0) = \{ x \in \Omega : |x| \le 2 \} & \text{computational domain} \\ \Gamma & \text{its boundary} \\ y_\Omega(x) &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 - \frac{1}{4} |x|^2, & 0 \le |x| \le 1, \\ \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 - \frac{1}{2} \ln |x|, & 1 < |x| \le 2. \end{cases} & \text{desired state} \\ e_\Omega(x) &= \begin{cases} 2, & 0 \le |x| \le 1, \\ 0, & 1 < |x| \le 2. \end{cases} & \text{given right hand side} \end{cases}$$

# **Problem Description**

Minimize 
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \|y - y_{\Omega}\|_{L^{2}(\Omega)}^{2} + \frac{1}{2} \|u\|_{L^{2}(\Omega)}^{2} \\ \text{s.t.} \quad \begin{cases} -\Delta y = u + e_{\Omega} & \text{in } \Omega \\ y = 0 & \text{on } \Gamma \\ \text{and} \quad |\nabla y| \leq \frac{1}{2} & \text{in } \overline{\Omega}. \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

## **Optimality System**

The following optimality system for the state  $y \in H_0^1(\Omega) \cap W^{2,p}(\Omega)$  with p > 2, the control  $u \in L^2(\Omega)$ , the adjoint state  $p \in L^{p'}(\Omega)$  where  $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{p'} = 1$ , and a Lagrange multiplier  $\mu \in M(\Omega)^2 = C^*(\overline{\Omega})^2$  for the constraint on the gradient of y characterizes the unique minimizer, see Casas and Fernández [1993]:

$$\begin{split} -\triangle y &= u + e_{\Omega} & \text{in } \Omega \\ y &= 0 & \text{on } \Gamma \\ -\triangle p &= y - y_{\Omega} + \nabla^* \mu & \text{in } \Omega \\ p &= 0 & \text{on } \Gamma \\ u &= -p & \text{in } \Omega \\ \langle \phi - \nabla y, \mu \rangle_{C,C^*} &\leq 0 & \forall \phi \in C(\overline{\Omega})^2, |\phi| \leq \frac{1}{2}, \\ \langle |\nabla y| - \frac{1}{2}, \mu \rangle_{C,C^*} &= 0. \end{split}$$

Here the adjoint equation has to be understood in the very weak sense, i.e., p solves

$$-\int_{\Omega} p \triangle \phi \, \mathrm{d}x = \int_{\Omega} (y - y_{\Omega}) \phi \, \mathrm{d}x + \int_{\Omega} \nabla \phi \, \mathrm{d}\mu \quad \forall \phi \in H^{1}_{0}(\Omega) \cap C^{1}(\overline{\Omega})$$

## Supplementary Material

The optimal state, adjoint state, control and Lagrange multiplier are known analytically:

$$\begin{split} y &= y_{\Omega}, \\ p &= -u, \\ u &= \begin{cases} -1, & 0 \leq |x| \leq 1, \\ 0, & 1 < |x| \leq 2, \end{cases} \\ \mu &= \frac{\nabla y}{|\nabla y|} \mu_0, \\ \langle \phi, \mu_0 \rangle_{C,C^*} &= \int_{|x|=1} \phi \, \mathrm{d}s. \end{split}$$

## References

E. Casas and L. A. Fernández. Optimal control of semilinear elliptic equations with pointwise constraints on the gradient of the state. Applied Mathematics and Optimization, 27:35–56, 1993. doi: 10.1007/BF01182597.

- K. Deckelnick, A. Günther, and M. Hinze. Finite element approximation of elliptic control problems with constraints on the gradient. *Numerische Mathematik*, 111:335– 350, 2008. doi: 10.1007/s00211-008-0185-3.
- W. Wollner. A posteriori error estimates for a finite element discretization of interior point methods for an elliptic optimization problem with state constraints. *Computational Optimization and Applications*, 47(1):133–159, 2010. doi: 10.1007/s10589-008-9209-2.